JIM IRVIN

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BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

WILLIAM A. MUNDELL Arizona Corporation Commission DOCKETED Chairman

> JAN 3 1 2002 Commissioner

DOCKETED BY MARC SPITZER Commissioner

2002 JAN 31 P 12: 56

AZ CORP COMMISSION DOCUMENT CONTROL

MATTER OF THE **GENERIC** PROCEEDINGS CONCERNING ELECTRIC RESTRUCTURING ISSUES

IN THE MATTER OF ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY'S REQUEST FOR A PARTIAL VARIANCE CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS OF A.A.C. R14-2-1606

Docket No. E-00000A-02-0051

Docket No. E-013 5A-01-0822

ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY'S **RESPONSE TO STAFF'S JANUARY 30, 2002 MOTION**

Arizona Public Service Company ("APS") hereby responds to the pleading submitted by Arizona Corporation Commission ("Commission") Staff on January 30, 2002. Although titled as a "Response to the January 22, 2002 Procedural Order" in Docket No. E-00000A-02-0051, it is really a motion seeking affirmative relief and will hereafter be referred to as the "Motion." APS urges the Chief Administrative Law Judge to deny the Motion in its entirety. As demonstrated below, to grant Staff's requests—which in effect ask for yet more delay and to add unnecessary complication to the resolution of a request that APS filed in October_of last year—will place APS and its customers at significant and unnecessary risk, while making no meaningful progress on issues that need to be resolved now.

Arizona Corporation Commission

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CONDUCT A. THE COMMISSION **SHOULD** PROMPT HEARING, AND THE COMMISSIONERS EVIDENTIARY SHOULD BE ALLOWED TO HEAR RELEVANT EVIDENCE AND DECIDE THE ISSUE

In its October 18, 2001 filing for a partial variance to Rule R14-2-1606(B) and for approval of a Purchase Power Agreement, APS stated that prompt resolution of this matter was necessary. In its Reply to Staff's Response to the Request, APS again discussed why prompt resolution of the matter was necessary and appropriate. At the December 5, 2001 procedural conference, Staff supported the need to move forward on APS' Request in a timely fashion. (Tr. at p. 61, lines 17-21.) APS promptly filed its testimony in support of its Request on December 12, 2001.

To date, the only evidence in the record supports APS' Request and the need for prompt resolution. APS has presented evidence showing how the literal application of Rule 1606(B) will threaten reliability and price stability for its customers. APS has shown that its proposed partial variance coupled with the Purchase Power Agreement is a superior alternative that (1) protects its Standard Offer customers, (2) enhances the reliability and security of power supplies for such customers, (3) does not adversely affect the wholesale generation market, and (4) in no way restricts the continued development of retail competition and its Direct Access customers.

APS asks the Commission to promptly consider its Request on the merits, so that its customers at least have the opportunity to receive the advantages offered by APS' Request. Also, APS and its affiliates should receive closure on the Request so that they can appropriately prepare for their post-2002 relationship, as anticipated by both the Electric Competition Rules and the 1999 APS Settlement. The Commissioners should be allowed to hear the evidence both for and against APS'

APS has already taken significant actions and incurred hundreds of millions of dollars in increased costs and lost opportunities in good faith compliance with the terms of the 1999 APS Settlement and the Electric Competition Rules, and in order to be in the position of offering the proposed Purchase Power Agreement for Commission consideration.

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Request and make a timely decision that they believe is in the public interest. Any opponents should likewise be required to present relevant and probative evidence of their criticisms, rather than mere public comment. Regardless of its intent or any other implications to be drawn from the Motion, the consolidation urged by Staff will prevent this from occurring.

PROCEEDING, TEP'S MGC FILING, В. **AISA** VARIANCE REQUEST, AND THE GENERIC INVESTIGATION DO NOT WARRANT CONSOLIDATION

To Staff, the various pending proceedings generally relating to retail electric competition warrant consolidation and "concerted action." Staff, however, has not shown that these various dockets are legally interdependent in any respect. Specifically, the AISA proceeding merely involves transmission issues relating to a body that has always been considered transitional and will be supplanted in the near future by a Regional Transmission Organization. Likewise, the Tucson Electric Power Company ("TEP") Market Generation Credit ("MGC") proceeding—which had been initiated over a month before Chairman Mundell's letter and is nowhere mentioned in such letter—is unique to TEP and the TEP Settlement. Neither APS nor any other Arizona utility uses the MGC. TEP's Variance Request is not a request for a "variance" but rather requests an indefinite stay of both Rule 1606(B) and Rule 1615(A).² Finally, the Generic Investigation is just that—an investigation. It has identified no specific objective, and has no definable end-point. The Commission's previous "investigation" on retail electric competition began in 1994 and remains open to this day. See Docket No. U-0000-94-165.

TEP's factual circumstances are in no way comparable to those of APS. For instance, TEP and its affiliates are not in the process of constructing significant new generation to serve Standard Offer customers, nor is it apparently desirous, in even a deliberate and considered fashion, of moving forward towards a competitive market. Moreover, the TEP Settlement was heard separately from the APS Settlement, and APS was not a party to such proceeding.

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C. **CONCLUSION**

The Chief Administrative Law Judge should not allow APS' Request to be further delayed, as requested by Staff. APS filed its Request over three months ago. It timely filed testimony as directed by the Chief Administrative Law Judge on an expedited schedule over seven weeks ago. APS has responded to literally hundreds of discovery requests of Staff and Intervenors under the accelerated schedule ordered by the Chief Administrative Law Judge. APS believes that the Commission can best address and resolve any questions concerning APS' Request for a Partial Variance and regarding the Purchase Power Agreement, as required by Rule R14-2-1614(C), by scheduling a formal evidentiary hearing at the earliest possible time.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 3/s/day of January, 2002.

SNELL & WILMER L.L.P.

Thomas J. Mumaw Jeffrey B. Guldner

Faraz Sanei

Attorneys for Arizona Public Service Company

Phoenix, Arizona 85004

(602) 382-6000

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